Safety precautions to be strictly observed are marked with following symbols in the Operating Instructions:

Operating Instructions





The instruments must only be disposed of in the correct way!

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Programmable Temperature Transmitter SINEAX V 624



V 624 Be 142 159-02 10.09

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1. Read first and then ...

The proper and safe operation of the device assumes that the Operating Instructions are **read** and the safety warnings given in the various Sections 5. Mounting 6. Electrical connections 7. Configuring the transmitter 8. Commissioning are **observed**. The device should only be handled by appropriately trained personnel who are familiar with it and authorised to work in electrical installations.

Unauthorized repair or alteration of the unit invalidates the warranty!

2. Scope of supply (Figs. 1 and 2)

Transmitter, one of the two versions (1)

Order-Code: Significance of the 1st to 4th digits

Des	Description Order Coc		
1.	Housing	624 -	
	Housing with screw terminals, not pluggable	3	
	Housing with screw terminals, pluggable	9	
2.	Version / Power supply		
	Standard/Power supply 24 60 V DC, AC	1	
	Standard/Power supply 85 230 V DC, AC	2	
	[EEx ia] IIC/Power supply 24 60 V DC, AC	3	
	[EEx ia] IIC/Power supply 85110 V DC, 85230 V AC	4	
3.	Output variable		
	Current (end value max. 20 mA)	1	
	Voltage (end value max. 10 V)	2	
4.	Configuration		
	Basic configuration programmed	0	
	Configured to order	1	



1 Operating Instructions (2) each in German, French and English **1 Type Examination Certificate** (3), only for "Intrinsically safe" explosionproof devices

3. Brief description

The programmable **SINEAX V 624** is designed for measuring temperature in combination with thermocouples or resistance thermometers. Thermocouple non-linearities are automatically compensated.

The input variable and measuring range are programmed with the aid of a PC, a programming cable and the corresponding software. Specific measured variable data such as output signal, transmission characteristics, active direction and open-circuit sensor supervision data can also be programmed.

The sensor circuit is monitored for open and short-circuits and the output responds in a defined manner if one is detected.

Explosion-proof "Intrinsically safe" [EEx ia] IIC versions rounds off the series of transmitters.

Transmitters supplied as standard versions are configured as follows:

- Measuring input:	Pt 100 for three -wire connection
- Measuring output:	4 20 mA resp. 0 10 V, acc. to order
 Open-circuit supervision: 	Output 21.6 mA resp. 11 V, acc. to order
 Mains ripple suppression: 	For frequency 50 Hz

4. Technical data

Measuring input - Input variable and measuring range configured

	Measuring ranges			
Input variables	Limito	Min.	Max.	
	LIIIIIIIS	span	span	
Temperatures with				
resistance thermometers				
for two, three or				
four-wire connection				
Pt 100, IEC 60 751	– 200 to 850 °C	50 K	850 K	
Ni 100, DIN 43 760	 60 to 250 °C 	50 K	250 K	
Temperatures with				
thermocouples				
Type B, E, J, K, N, R, S, T				
acc. to IEC 60 584-1	acc. to type	2 m\/	80 mV	
Type L and U, DIN 43 710		2	001110	
Type W5 Re/W26 Re,				
Type W3 Re/W25 Re				
acc. to ASTM E 988-90				

Cold junction compensation

Internal:	With incorporated Pt 100 or with Pt 100 connected to the terminals
External:	Via cold junction thermostat 0 60 °C, configurable
Measuring output ()-	

DC current*:	Configurable between 0 and 20 resp. 20 and 0 mA minimum span 2 mA
External resistance:	R_{ext} max. \leq 600 Ω with 20 mA output
DC voltage*:	Configurable between 0 and 10 resp. 10 and 0 V minimum span 1 V
Load capacity:	R_{ext} min. $\ge 2 k\Omega$ with 10 V output

Programming connector on the transmitter

Interface:

RS 232 C

Open and short-circuit sensor circuit supervision

Signalling modes: Output signal configurable to... ... the value the output had immediately prior to the open or short-circuit** (hold value) ... a value between – 5 and 110% of output span

Power supply -

DC, AC power pack (DC or 45...400 Hz) Rated voltages and permissible variations

Nominal voltage U _N	Tolerance	Instruments version
24 60 V DC, AC	DC – 15 + 33%	Standard (Nan Ev)
85 230 V*** DC, AC	AC ± 15%	Standard (NON-EX)
24 60 V DC, AC	DC - 15 + 33% AC ± 15%	Type of protection
85 230 V AC	± 10%	FEX is] IIC
85 110 V DC	– 15 + 10%	

Power consumption:

≤ 1.0 W resp. ≤ 2.1 VA

Light emitting diodes

Green LED:

- Light after switching on the power supply
- * The type of output variable (current or voltage) is not configurable
- ** The short-circuit indicator is only active for the RTD \geq 100 Ω at 0 °C,
- three and four-wire measuring mode
- *** Caution! Observe note in Section 6.3.

5. Mounting

The SINEAX V 624 can be mounted on a top-hat rail.



When deciding where to install the transmitter (measuring location), take care that the **limits** of the operating temperature **are kept**: - 25 and + 55 °C

Table 1: Measuring input

Simply clip the device onto the top-hat rail (EN 50 022) (see Fig. 3).



Fig. 3. Mounting onto top-hat rail 35 $\,\times$ 15 or 35 \times 7.5 mm.

6. Electrical connections

The connections for the leads are fixed or plug-in screw terminals, depending on the device execution. These are easily accessible at the front of the transmitter and are suitable for a wire cross-section of max. 2.5 mm².



Make sure that the cables are not live when making the connections!

The 230 V power supply is potentially dangerous.

Also note that, ...

 $(I_{AN} =$

- ... the data required to carry out the prescribed measurement must correspond to those marked on the nameplate of SINEAX V 624 (- measuring input, - measuring output and - power supply)!
- ... the resistance in the output circuit may not **overrange** the current output value

$$R_{ext} \max. [k\Omega] = \frac{12 \text{ V}}{I_{AN} [mA]}$$

and not underrange the voltage output value

$$\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{ext}} \min. \, [\mathsf{k}\Omega] \geq - \frac{\mathsf{U}_{\mathsf{AN}} \, [\mathsf{V}]}{5 \, \mathsf{m}\mathsf{A}}$$

(U_{AN} = voltage output value)!

... the measurement input and output cables should be twisted pairs and run as far as possible away from heavy current cables!

In all other respects, observe all local regulations when selecting the type of electrical cable and installing them!



In the case of **"Intrinsically safe"** explosion-proof, the supplementary information given on the type examination certification, the EN 60 079-14, and also local regulations applicable to electrical installation in explosion hazard areas must be taken into account!

6.1 Alternative measurement connections

Connect the measuring leads to suit the application as given in Table 1.



Notes:

6.1.1 Connection to thermocouples

Pay attention to correct polarity when connecting thermocouples. If the lead from the thermocouple to the transmitter has to be extended, be sure to use thermally compensated leads suitable for the particular type of thermocouple.

6.1.1.1 Internal cold junction compensation, with incorporated Pt100

Connect terminals (2) and (4) when using internal compensation by comparison.

Set the configuration software to "internal thermo-element" and "Pt 100 built-in".

6.1.1.2 Internal cold junction compensation with Pt 100 connected to the terminals

For this alternative, a Pt 100 is connected to terminals (2) and (5). Terminals (4) and (5) must be connected.

Set the configuration software to "internal thermo-element" and "Pt 100 on terminals".

6.1.1.3 External cold junction compensation

Be sure to configure the reference temperature when using a cold junction thermostat. The cold junction thermostat is connected to the transmitter by copper wire leads.

6.1.2 Connection to resistance thermometer

6.1.2.1 Two-wire connection

Terminals (1) and (2) and (4) and (5) must be connected in the case of a two-wire measurement.

The lead resistance must not be greater than 30 Ω per lead.

6.1.2.2 Three-wire connection

Terminals (4) and (5) must be connected in the case of a three-wire measurement. It is not necessary to compensate the leads, providing the three leads have identical resistances. The lead resistance must not be greater than 30 Ω per lead.

6.1.2.3 Four-wire connection

The four-wire measurement is independent of lead resistance within wide limits and therefore no compensation is necessary. The lead resistance must not be greater than 30 Ω per lead.

6.2 Measuring output leads

Connect the output leads for terminals (7) (-) and (8) (+) as shown in Fig. 4.

Note, the maximum permissible external resistance Revt max. at current output, resp. Revt min. at voltage output of the transmitter must not be exceeded (see Section "4. Technical data").



Fig. 4. Measuring output connection.

6.3 Connecting the power supply

Connect the power supply to terminals (10) (=) and (11) (\pm) as shown in Fig. 5.



Fig. 5. Power supply connection.

A two-pole switch must be included in the supply connection where facility for switching SINEAX V 624 off is desired.

Note: An external supply fuse must be provided for DC supply voltages > 125 V.

7. Configuring the transmitter

The transmitter is configured via the serial interface of a PC. An advantage of the configuration procedure is that it can be carried out regardless of whether the power supply is connected to the transmitter or not. The following accessories are required ...

- Configuration software V 600 plus (Order No. 146 557)
- (Download free of charge under http://www.camillebauer.com)
- Programming cable PK 610 (Order No. 137 887)
- ... Ancillary cable for SINEAX type V 624 (Order No. 141 416)

A PC with an RS 232 C interface (Windows 3.1x, 95, 98, NT or 2000) is also reauired.

The configuration procedure and choice of parameters is explained by the menu-guided configuration program.

Safe area



Fig. 6. Configuring a SINEAX V 624 without the power supply. For this case the switch on the interface must be set to "ON".







The earthing conditions must be observed when programming the instrument, (e.g. the instrument is installed in the plant).

If one of the input wires is earthed, a PC without an earth connection must be used when programming (e.g. a notebook running on the batteries).

Under no circumstances should a PC be used running from a power supply with an earth connection, as this will damage the transducer.



For devices of the explosion protection type "intrinsically safe", the PC or laptop must support a voltage level of 500 Veff between the RS 232 interface and earth (e.g. battery operation). In particular, check other peripheral devices that are connected.



If the above voltage level is not supported (e.g. operation from the mains power supply) the earth connection of the programming cable PK 610 must be connected to the potential equalization conductor. At the same time, it must be ensured that the programming circuit of the V 624 is potential free.



Fig. 8. Connect the earth

connection to the PK 610

interface.

Fig. 9. Remove the earth connection from the PK 610 interface.

8. Commissioning

Switch on the measuring input and the power supply.



9. Maintenance

No maintenance is required.

10. Releasing the transmitter

Release the transmitter from a top-hat rail as shown in Fig. 10.



Fig. 10

11. Dimensional drawings







Fig. 12. SINEAX V 624 in housing P12/17 St clipped onto a rail "G" (35 \times 15 mm or 35 \times 7.5 mm, acc. to EN 50 022), screw terminals pluggable.

12. Declaration of conformity

	3 - KONFORMITÀ ECLARATION OF	ATSERKLÄRUNG CAMILLE BAUE		
Dokument-Nr./ Document.No.:	V624.DOC			
Hersteller/ Manufacturer:	Camille Bauer AG Switzerland	Camille Bauer AG Switzerland		
Anschrift / Address:	Aargauerstrasse 7 CH-5610 Wohlen	Aargauerstrasse 7 CH-5610 Wohlen		
Produktbezeichnung/ Product name:	Programmierbarer Programmable tem	Programmierbarer Temperatur-Messumformer Programmable temperatur transmitter		
Тур / Туре:	SINEAX V 624			
Das bezeichnete Pro überein, nachgewies The above mentioned Iowing European dire	dukt stimmt mit den Vors en durch die Einhaltung I product has been manu ctives proven through co	:chriften folgender Europäischer Richtlinien folgender Normen: ifactured according to the regulations of the fol ompliance with the following standards:		
Nr. / No.	Richtlinie / Directive			
2004/108/EG 2004/108/EC	Elektromagnetische Vertra Electromagnetic compatib	sktromagnetische Verträglichkeit – EMV – Richtlinie sctromagnetic compatibility –EMC directive		
EMV /	Fachgrundnorm /	Messverfahren /		
EMC	Generic Standard	Measurement methods		
Störaussendung / Emission	EN 61000-6-4 : 2007	EN 55011 : 2007+A2:2007		
Störfestigkeit / Immunity	EN 61000-6-2 : 2005	IEC 61000-4-2: 1995+A1:1998+A2:2001 IEC 61000-4-3: 2002+A1:2002 IEC 61000-4-4: 2004 IEC 61000-4-5: 2005 IEC 61000-4-6: 1996+A1:2001 IEC 61000-4-11: 2004		
Nr / No	Richtlinia / Directive			
2006/95/EG	Elektrische Betriebsmittel	zur Verwendung innerhalb bestimmter Spannungs-		
	grenzen – Niederspannun Electrical equipment for u tive – Attachment of CE m	anzen - Niederspannungstichtlinie - CE-Kennzeichnung : anzen - Niederspannungstichtlinie - CE-Kennzeichnung : S ectrical equipment for use within certain voltage limits - Low Voltage Direc- e - Attachment of CE mark : 95		
2006/95/EC	tive - Attachment of CE II			
2006/95/EC EN/Norm/Standard	IEC/Norm/Standard			

M. Ulrich Leiter Technik

