

for DC currents or voltages, temperature sensors, remote sensors or potentiometers









Application

The combined transmitter/alarm unit **SINEAX VC 603** (Fig. 1) converts the input variable – a DC current or voltage, or a signal from a thermo-couple, resistance thermometer, remote sensor or potentiometer – to a proportional analog output signal. It is also equipped with 2 limit contacts for monitoring the input varable.

The analog output signal is either an impressed current or superimposed voltage which is processed by other devices for purposes of displaying, recording and/or regulating a constant. The binary output signals of the two limit contact circuits are used for signalling out-of-limit conditions, control purposes and two-point regulation.

A considerable number of measuring ranges including bipolar or spread ranges are avilable.

Input variable and measuring range are programmed with the aid of a PC and the corresponding software. Other parameters relating to specific input variable data, the analog output signal, the transmission mode, the operating sense, the binary output signals and the open-circuit sensor supervision can also be programmed.

The open-circuit sensor supervision is in operation when the SINEAX VC 603 is used in conjunction with a thermo-couple, resistance thermometer, remote sensor or potentiometer.

The transmitter/alarm unit fulfils all the important requirements and regulations concerning electromagnetic compatibility **EMV** and **Safety** (IEC 1010 resp. EN 61 010). It was developed and is manufactured and tested in strict accordance with the **quality assurance standard** ISO 9001 / EN 29 001.

Production QA is also certified according to guideline 94/9/EG.

SINEAX VCAO3 PAPA-STANDON STOCK CE SINEAX VCAO3 PAPA-STANDON STOCK CE SINEAX VCAO3 PAPA-STANDON STOCK CE SO STANDON STOCK CO SO STANDON STOCK CO SO STANDON STOCK CO SO STANDON STOCK CE SO STA

Fig. 1.SINEAX VC 603 in housing S35.

- Electrical insulation between measured variable, analog output signal, binary output signals and power supply / Safe isolation acc. to EN 61 010
- Wide power supply tolerance / Only two operating voltage ranges between 20 and a maximum of 264 V DC/AC
- Available in type of protection "Intrinsic safety" [EEx ia] IIC (see "Table 7: Data on explosion protection")
- Ex devices also directly programmable on site / No supplementary Ex interface needed
- Standard version as per Germanischer Lloyd
- Provision for either snapping the transmitter/alarm unit onto top-hat rails or securing it with screws to a wall or panel
- Other programmable parameters: specific measured variable data (e.g. two, three or four-wire connection for resistance thermometers, "internal" or "external" cold junction compensation of thermo-couples etc.), transmission mode (special linearised characteristic or characteristic determined by a mathematical relationship, e.g. output signal = f (measured variable)), operating sense (output signal directly or inversely proportional to the measured variable) and open-circuit sensor supervision (output signal assumes fixed preset value between -10 and 110%, supplementary output contact signalling relay) / Highly flexible solutions for measurement problems

Features / Benefits

- Input variable (temperature, variation of resistance, DC signal) and measuring range programmed using PC / Simplifies project planning and engineering (the final measuring range can be determined during commissioning). Short delivery times and low stocking levels
- Analog output signal and binary output signals also programmed on the PC (analog: impressed current or superimposed voltage for all ranges between -20 and + 20 mA CC resp. -12 and + 15 V CC; binary: various functions associated with the limit contact circuits) / Universally applicable. Short delivery times and low stocking levels

- All programming operations by IBM XT, AT or compatible PC running the self-explanatory, menu-controlled programming software, if necessary during operation / No ancillary hand-held terminals needed
- Digital measured variable data available at the programming interface / Simplifies commissioning, measured variable and signals can be viewed on PC in the field
- Standard software includes functional test program / No external simulator or signal injection necessary
- Self-monitoring function and continuously running test program / Automatic signalling of defects and device failure

The programming cable PRKAB 600 is used for programming both standard and Ex versions.

Of the programmable details listed in section "Features/Benefits", **one** parameter – the **output signal** – has to be determined by PC programming as well as mechanical setting on the transmitter/ alarm unit ...

- ... the output signal range by PC
- ... the **type** of output (current or voltage signal) has to be set **by DIP switch** (see Fig. 3).

The eight pole DIP switch is located on the PCB in the SINEAX VC 603.

DIP switches	Type of output signal
ON 12345678	impressed current
ON 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	superimposed voltage

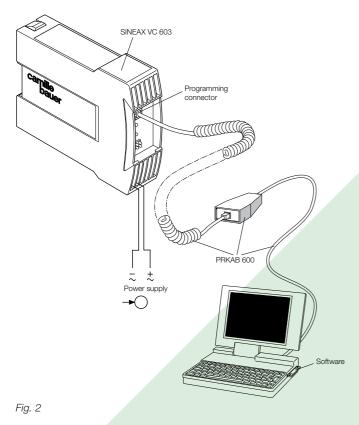
Fig. 3

Programming (Figs. 2 and 3)

A PC with RS 232 C interface (Windows 3.1x, 95, 98, NT or 2000), the programming cable PRKAB 600 and the configuration software VC 600 are required to program the transmitter/alarm unit. (Details of the programming cable and the software are to be found in the separate data sheet: PRKAB 600 Ld.)

The connections between

"PC ↔ PRKAB 600 ↔ SINEAX VC 603" can be seen from Fig. 3. The power supply must be applied to SINEAX VC 603 before it can be programmed.



A suitable PC is an IBM XT, AT or compatible.

The software VC 600 is supplied on a CD.

The programming cable PRKAB 600 adjusts the signal level and provides the electrical insulation between the PC and the transmitter/alarm unit SINEAX VC 603.

Technical data

Measuring input →

Measured variable M

The measured variable M and the measuring range can be programmed

Table 1: Measured variables and measuring ranges

	Measuring ranges			
Measured variables	Limits	Min. span	Max. span	
DC voltages				
direct input	± 300 mV ¹	2 mV	300 mV	
via potential divider ²	± 40 V¹	300 mV	40 V	
DC currents				
low current range	± 12 mA ¹	0.08 mA	12 mA	
high current range	- 50 to + 100 mA ¹	0.75 mA	100 mA	
Temperature monitored by two, three or four-wire resistance thermometers	– 200 bis 850 °C			
low resistance range	0740 Ω¹	8 Ω	740 Ω	
high resistance range	05000 Ω¹	40 Ω	5000 Ω	

	Measuring ranges			
Measured variables	Limits	Min. span	Max. span	
Temperature monitored by thermo-couples	– 270 to 1820 °C	2 mV	300 mV	
Variation of resistance of remote sensors/potentiometers				
low resistance range	0740 Ω¹	8 Ω	740 Ω	
high resistance range	05000 Ω¹	40 Ω	5000 Ω	

Standard circuit: 1 resistance thermometer:

> - two-wire connection, wiring diagram No. 43

- three-wire connection, wiring diagram No. 53

- four-wire connection, wiring diagram No. 63

temperature RT1-RT2,

wiring diagram No. 73

 $R_i > 10 M\Omega$

≤ 30 Ω per lead

See tables 1 and 8

Summation circuit:

Differential circuit:

Input resistance:

Lead resistance:

Measuring range:

Series of parallel connection of 2 or more two, three or four-wire resistance thermometers for deriving the mean temperature or for matching other types of sensors, wiring diagram Nos. 4 - 63

2 identical three-wire resistance

thermometers for deriving the mean

DC voltage

Measuring range: See Table 1

Wiring diagram No. 13 Direct input:

Input resistance: $Ri > 10 M\Omega$

Continuous overload

max. -1.5 V, +5 V

Input via

DC current

Measuring range:

Input resistance:

Low currents:

High currents:

Input resistance:

potantial divider: Wiring diagram No. 2³

Input resistance: $Ri = 1 M\Omega$

Continuous overload

Wiring diagram No. 33

Continuous overload

Wiring diagram No. 3³

Continuous overload

max. ± 100 V

See Table 1

 $Ri = 24.7 \Omega$

max. 150 mA

 $Ri = 24.7 \Omega$

max. 150 mA

Thermo-couples

Thermo-couple pairs:

Type B:Pt30Rh-Pt6Rh (IEC 584) Type E: NiCr-CuNi (IEC 584) Type J: Fe-CuNi (IEC 584) Type K:NiCr-Ni (IEC 584) Type L: Fe-CuNi

(DIN 43710) Type N:NiCrSi-NiSi (IEC 584) Type R:Pt13Rh-Pt (IEC 584) Type S:Pt10Rh-Pt (IEC 584) Type T: Cu-CuNi (IEC 584) Type U:Cu-CuNi (DIN 43710)

Type W5-W26 Re

Other thermo-couple pairs on re-

quest

Resistance thermometer Standard circuits: 1 thermo-couple, internal cold junc-

See Tables 1 and 8 Measuring range:

Resistance types: Type Pt 100 (DIN IEC 751)

Type Ni 100 (DIN 43 760) Type Pt 20/20 °C

Type Cu 10/25 °C Type Cu 20/25 °C

See "Table 6: Specification and ordering information", feature 6 for

other Pt or Ni.

 $< 0.38 \, \text{mA for}$ Measuring current:

measuring range $0...740 \Omega$

¹ Note permissible value of the ratio "full-scale value/span ≤ 20".

 \leq 0.06 mA for

measuring range 0...5000 Ω

tion compensation, wiring diagram No. 83

1 thermo-couple, external cold

junction compensation, wiring diagram No. 93

Summation circuit: 2 or more thermo-couples in a sum-

> mation circuit for deriving the mean temperature, external cold junction

compensation,

wiring diagram No. 10³

Differential circuit: 2 identical thermo-couples in a dif-

> ferential circuit for deriving the mean temperature TC1-TC2, no provision for cold junction compensation,

wiring diagram No. 113

² Max. **30 V** for **Ex** version with I.S. measuring input. $R_i > 10 M\Omega$ Input resistance: ³ See "Table 9: Measuring input".

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Cold junction compensation: Internal or external

Internal: Incorporated Ni 100

Permissible variation of the internal cold

junction compensation: \pm 0.5 K at 23 °C, \pm 0.25 K/10 K

External: 0...70 °C, programmable

Resistance sensor, potentiometer

See Table 1 Measuring range:

Resistance sensor types: Type WF

Type WF DIN

Potentiometer see "Table 6: Specification and ordering information"

feature 5.

≤ 0.38 mA for Measuring current:

measuring range $0...740 \Omega$

≤ 0.06 mA for

measuring range 0...5000 Ω

Kinds of input: 1 resistance sensor WF

> current measured at pick-up, wiring diagram No. 121 1 resistance sensor WF DIN current measured at pick-up,

wiring diagram No. 131

1 resistance sensor for two, three or

four-wire connection, wiring diagram Nos. 4-61

2 identical three-wire resistance sensors for deriving a differential,

wiring diagram No. 71

Input resistance: $R_{i} > 10 M\Omega$

Lead resistance: \leq 30 Ω per lead

Measuring output (→

Output signals A1 and A2

The output signals available at A1 and A2 can be configured for either an impressed DC current I, or a superimposed DC voltage U, by appropriately setting DIP switches. The desired range is programmed using a PC. A1 and A2 are not DC isolated and exhibit the same value.

Standard ranges for I_{Δ} : 0...20 mA or 4...20 mA Limite -22 to + 22 mA Non-standard ranges:

Min. span 5 mA Max. span 40 mA

Open-circuit voltage: Neg. -13.2...-18 V,

pos. 16.5...21 V

+ 15 V, resp. -12 V Burden voltage I,:

 $R_{\text{ext}} \text{ max. } [k\Omega] = \frac{15 \text{ V}}{I_{AN} [\text{mA}]}$ External resistance I,:

 $resp. = \frac{-12 \text{ V}}{I_{AN} \text{ [mA]}}$

 $I_{AN} = Full$ -scale output current

< 0.3 VBurden voltage I,2:

 $R_{\text{ext}} \text{ max. } [k\Omega] = \frac{0.3 \text{ V}}{I_{\text{AN}} [\text{mA}]}$ External resistance I_{Δ2}:

< 1% p.p., DC ... 10 kHz Residual ripple:

< 1.5% p.p. for an output span

< 10 mA

Standard ranges for U_a: 0...5, 1...5, 0...10 or 2...10 V

Non-standard ranges: Limits -12 to +15 V

> Min. span 4 V Max. span 27 V

Short-circuit current: ≤ 40 mA Load-capacity $U_{\Lambda_1} / U_{\Lambda_2}$: 20 mA

Load resistance U_{A1}/U_{A2} : $R_{ext}[k\Omega] \ge \frac{U_{A}[N]}{20 \text{ m}^{\Delta}}$

Residual ripple: < 1% p.p., DC ... 10 kHz

< 1.5% p.p for an output span

< 8 V

Fixed settings for the output signals A1 and A2

A1 and A2 are at a fixed value for After switching on:

> 5 s after switching on (default). Setting range between -10 and

110%² programmable, e.g. between 2.4 and 21.6 mA (for a scale of 4 to

20 mA).

The green LED ON flashes for 5 s

When input variable

out of limits:

A1 and A2 are at either a lower or an upper fixed value when the input

variable ...

... falls more than 10% below the minimum value of the permissible

range

... exceeds the maximum value of the permissible range by more

than 10%.

Lower fixed value = $-10\%^2$, e.g. -2 mA (for a scale of 0 to 20 mA). Upper fixed value = 110%², e.g. 22 mA (for a scale of 0 to 20 mA). The green LED ON flashes

Open-circuit sensor: A1 and A2 are at a fixed value when

an open-circuit sensor is detected (see Section "Sensor and opencircuit lead supervision - → »).

¹ See "Table 9: Measuring input"

² In relation to analog output span A1 resp. A2.

Open-circuit sensor

(continuation): The fixed value of A1 and A2 is configured to either mointain the value of

figured to either maintain the value at the instant the open-circuit occurs or adopt a preset value between –10 and 110% e.g. between 1.2 and 10.8 V (for a scale of 2 to 10 V). The green LED ON flashes and the red LED $\frac{1}{2}$ lights continuously

Output characteristic

Characteristic: Programmable

Table 2: Available characteristics (acc. to measured variable)

Measured variables	Characteristics
DC voltage	A A
DC current	
Resistance thermometer (linear variation of resistance)	
Thermo-couple (linear variation of voltage)	M
Sensor or potentiometer	A = M
DC voltage	A
DC current	$A = \sqrt{M} \text{ or } A = \sqrt{M}^3$
DC voltage	A A
DC current	
Resistance thermometer (linear variation with temperature)	
Thermo-couple signal (linear variation with temperature)	M Si
Sensor or potentiometer	$A = f (M)^2$ linearisiert
DC voltage	A = f (M) ² linearisiert
DC current	M
Sensor or potentiometer	A = f (M) ³ quadratic

Operating sense: Programmable

output signal directly

or

inversely proportional to measured

variable

Setting time (IEC 770): Programmable

from 2 to 30 s

Power supply H →

DC, AC power pack (DC and 45...400 Hz)

Table 3: Nominal voltage and tolerance

Nominal voltage U _N	Tolerance	Instrument version
24 60 V DC/AC	DC - 15+ 33%	Standard
85 230 V ⁴ DC/AC	AC ± 15%	(Non-Ex)
24 60 V DC/AC	DC - 15+ 33% AC ± 15%	Type of protection
85 230 V AC	± 10%	"Intrinsic safety" [EEx ia] IIC
85 110 V DC	- 15+ 10%	

Power consumption: ≤2.2 W resp. ≤4.2 VA

Open-circuit sensor circuits supervision *₹*

Resistance thermometers, thermo-couples, remote sensors and potentiometer input circuits are supervised. The circuits of DC voltage and current inputs are not supervised.

Pick-up/reset level: 1 to 15 k Ω , acc. to kind of measu-

rement and range

Signalling mode

Output signals

A1 and A2: Programmable fixed values.

The fixed value of A1 and A2 is configured to either maintain their values at the instant the open-circuit occurs or adopt a preset value between -10 and 110%¹, e.g. between 1.2 and 10.8 V (for a scale of

2 to 10 V)

¹ In relation to analog output span A1 resp. A2.

 $^{^2}$ 25 input points M given referred to a linear output scale from -10% to + 110% in steps of 5%.

³ 25 input points M given referred to a quadratic output scale from –10% to + 110%. Pre-define output points: 0, 0, 0, 0.25, 1, 2.25, 4.00, 6.25, 9.00, 12.25, 16.00, 20.25, 25.00, 30.25, 36.00, 42.25, 49.00, 56.25, 64.00, 72.25, 81.00, 90.25, 100.0, 110.0, 110.0%.

⁴ An external supply fuse must be provided for DC supply voltages >125 V.

The green LED ON flashes and the Frontplate signals:

red LED → lights continuously

Output contact K3: Relay 3 1 potentially-free changeover contact (see Table 4)

Operating sense programmable

The relay can be either energised or de-energised in the case of a

Set to "relay disabled" if not re-

quired!

Output contacts for alarm unit π_1 , π_2 , (π_3)

Binary output signals K1, K2, K3

Output contact K1: Relay 1 2 potentially-free changeover contacts (see Table 4)

Output contact K2: Relay 2 1 potentially-free changeover contact (see Table 4)

Output contact K3: Relay 3 1 potentially-free changeover contact (see Table 4)

> K3 is only available, providing it is **not** being used for open-circuit sensor supervision (see Section "Opencircuit sensor circuit supervision - → »). This applies ...

> ... in all cases when the measured variable is a DC voltage or current

... when the measured variable is a resistance thermometer, a thermo-couple, a remote sensor or a potentiometer and the relay is set

to "Relay disabled"

Limit type: Programmable

- Disabled

- Lower limit value of the measured variable (see Fig. 4, left)

- Upper limit value of the measured variable (see Fig. 4, left)

- Maximum rate-of-change of the measured variable

△ measured variable Slope = Λt

(see Fig. 4, right)

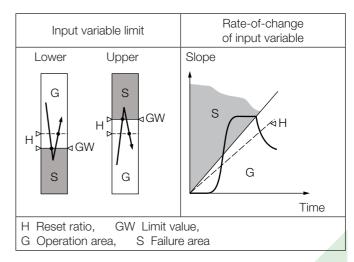


Fig. 4. Switching function according to limit monitored.

Trip point setting using PC for GW1, GW2 and GW3:

Programmable

between -10 and 110%1 (of the measured variable)

between ± 1 and $\pm 50\%$ ¹/s (of the rate-of-change of the measured variable)

Trip point setting using potentiometer for GW1 and GW2:

Programmed to

Relative (± 10%)

Setting range ± 10% referred to the set limit

- Absolute (0 ... 100%) Setting range 0 ... 100%

Hysterese: Programmable

> between 0.5 and 100%1 (of the measured variable)

- between 1 and 100%1/s (of the rate-of-change of the

measured variable)

Operating and

resetting delays: Programmable

- from 1 to 60 s

Programmable Operating sense:

> - Relay energised, LED on - Relay energised, LED off - Relay de-energised, LED on - Relay de-energised, LED off

> > Camille Bauer

(once limit reached)

Relay status signal: GW1 and GW2 by yellow LED's __1 and 12, GW3 by red LED (13)

¹ In relation to analog output span A1 resp. A2.

Table 4: Contact arrangement and data

	Symbole	Material	Contact rating
Relay 1		Gold flashed	AC: ≤ 2 A/250 V (500 VA)
Relay 2 and 3		silver alloy	DC: ≤ 1 A/0,1250 V (30 W)

Relay approved by UL, CSA, TÜV, SEV

Programming connector

Interface: RS 232 C
FCC-68 socket: 6/6 pin
Signal level: TTL (0/5 V)

Power consumption: Approx. 50 mW

Accuracy data (acc. to DIN/IEC 770)

Basic accuracy: Max. error $\leq \pm 0.2\%$

Including linearity and repeatability errors for current, voltage and resi-

stance measurement

Additional error (additive): $< \pm 0.3\%$ for linearised characteri-

stic

 $< \pm 0.3\%$ for measuring ranges < 5 mV, 0.3...0.75 V,

< 0.2 mA or < 20 Ω

 $<\pm 0.3\%$ for a high ratio bet-

ween full-scale value and measuring range > factor 10, e.g. Pt 100 175.84 Ω ...194.07 Ω \triangleq 200 °C...250 °C

 $<\pm0.3\%$ for current output

< 10 mA span

< ± 0.3% for voltage output < 8 V span

< 2 · (basic and additional error)

for two-wire resistance

measurement

Reference conditions:

Ambient temperature 23 °C, ± 2 K

Power supply $24 \text{ V DC} \pm 10\%$ and 230 V AC

± 10%

Output burden Current: 0.5 · R_{ext} max.

Voltage: 2 · R_{ext} min.

Influencing factors:

Temperature $< \pm 0.1 \dots 0.15\%$ per 10 K

Burden $< \pm 0.1\%$ for current output

< 0.2% for voltage output, providing

 $R_{ext} > 2 \cdot R_{ext}$ min.

Long-time drift $< \pm 0.3\% / 12$ months

Switch-on drift $< \pm 0.5\%$

Common and trans-

verse mode influence $< \pm 0.2\%$ + or – to ground: $< \pm 0.2\%$

Installation data

Housing: Housing type **S35**

Refer to Section "Dimensional dra-

wings" for dimensions

Material of housing: Lexan 940 (polycarbonate)

Flammability class V-0 acc. to UL 94, self-extinguishing, non-dripping,

free of halogen

Mounting: For snapping onto top-hat rail

(35 x 15 mm or 35 x 7.5 mm) acc.

to EN 50 022

or

directly onto a wall or panel using

the pull-out screw hole brackets

Mounting position: Any

Terminals: DIN/VDE 0609

Screw terminals with wire guards for

light PVC wiring and

max. $2 \times 0.75 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ or } 1 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$

Permissible vibrations: 2 g acc. to EN 60 068-2-6

10 ... 150 ... 10 Hz

10 cycles

Shock: 3 x 50 g

3 shocks each in 6 directions acc. to EN 60 068-2-27

Weight: Approx. 0.32 kg

Electrical insulation: All circuits (measuring input/measu-

ring output/power supply/output contacts) are electrically insulated.

Programming connector and measu-

ring input are connected.

The PC is electrically insulated by the programming cable PRKAB 600.

Standards

Electromagnetic

compatibility:

Intrinsically safe:

The standards DIN EN 50 081-2 and

DIN EN 60 082-2 are observed

Acc. to DIN EN 50 020: 1996-04

Protection (acc. to IEC 529

resp. EN 60 529):

Housing IP 40

Terminals IP 20

Electrical design:

Acc. to IEC 1010 resp. EN 61 010

Operating voltages:

Measuring input < 40 V Programming connector, measuring outputs < 25 V

Output contacts, power supply < 250 V

Rated insulation voltage:

Measuring input, programming connector, measuring outputs, output

contacts, power supply < 250 V

Pollution degree:

Installation category II:

Measuring input, programming connector, measuring outputs, output

contacts

Installation category III:

Power supply

Test voltage:

Measuring input and programming

connector to:

output signal 2.3 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min.

- power supply 3.7 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min.

Test voltage

(continuation):

- output contacts 2.3 kV,

50 Hz. 1 min.

Measuring outputs to: - power supply 3.7 kV,

50 Hz, 1 min.

output contacts 2.3 kV,

50 Hz, 1 min.

Serial interface for the PC to:

-everything else 4 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min. (PRKAB 600)

Ambient conditions

Commissioning temperature: -10 to + 55 °C

Operating temperature: $-25 \text{ to} + 55 ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Ex -20 to + 55 °C

 $-40 \text{ to} + 70 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Storage temperature:

Relative humidity

annual mean:

≤ 75% standard climatic rating

≤ 95% enhanced climatic rating

Altitude:

Indoor use statement!

Basic configuration

The transmitter/alarm unit SINEAX VC 603 is also available already programmed with a basic configuration which is especially recommended in cases where the programming data is not known at the time of ordering (see "Table 6: Specification and ordering information", feature 4.

SINEAX VC 603 supplied as standard versions are programmed for basic configuration (see "Table 5: Standard versions").

Basic configuration: Measuring input 0...5 V DC

Measuring output 0...20 mA linear,

fixed value 0%

2000 m max.

during 5 s after switching on

Setting time 0.7 s

Open-circuit supervision inactive Mains ripple suppression 50 Hz

Limit functions inactive

Table 5: Standard versions

The following 4 transmitter/alarm unit versions are already programmed for **basic** configuration and are available ex stock. It is only necessary to quote the Order No.:

Cold junction compensation	Climatic rating	Instrument	Power supply	Order Code	Order No.
		Standard version	24 60 V DC/AC	603-1120	987 670
		Standard version	85 230 V DC/AC	603-1220	987 852
included		[FFy is] IIC version	24 60 V DC/AC	603-1320	987 894
		[EEx ia] IIC version, measuring circuit I.S.	85 110 V DC/ 85 230 V AC	603-1420	987 935

The complete Order Code 603-...0 and/or a description should be stated for other versions with the basic works configuration (see "Table 6: Specification and ordering information")

 Table 6: Specification and ordering information (see also "Table 5: Standard versions")

De	scription		*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
SIN	NEAX VC 603 Order code VC 603 - xxxx xxxx xxx	x xxxx xxx			603 –
Fe	atures, Selection				
1.	Mechanical design				
	Carrying rail housing S35				1
2.	Version / Power supply H (nominal voltage U _N)				
	Standard / 24 60 V DC/AC				1
	Standard / 85 230 V DC/AC				2
	[EEx ia] IIC / 24 60 V DC/AC				3
	[EEx ia] IIC / 85 110 V DC, 85 230 V AC				4
	Lines 3 and 4: Device [EEx ia] IIC, measuring circuit EEx ia IIC				
3.	Climatic rating / Cold junction compensation				
	Standard climatic rating; instrument with cold junction compensation	n			2
	Extra climatic rating; instrument with cold junction compensation				4
4.	Configuration				
	Basic configuration, programmed (no test certificate) If you wish to order the basic configuration, the line "0" must be selected options 4 to 19, i.e. all the digits of the order code after the 4th. are "Table 5: Standard versions"!		Z		0
	Programmed to order (no test certificate)				1
	Programmed to order with test certificate				2
5.	Measured variable / Measuring input M				
	DC voltage				
	0 5 V linear		С		0
	1 5 V linear		С	Z	1
	0 10 V linear		С	Z	2
	2 10 V linear		С	Z	3
	Linear input, other ranges [V]		С	Z	4
	Square root input function [V]		С	Z	5
	Input x 3/2 [V]		С	Z	6
	Lines 4 to 6: DC [V] 00.002 to 0≤ 40 V (Ex max. 30 V) or span 0.002 to 40 V between – 40 and 40 V, ratio full-scale/span ≤ 20				
	DC current				
	0 20 mA linear		С	Z	7
	4 20 mA linear		С	Z	8
	Linear input, other ranges [mA]		С	Z	9
	Square root input function [mA]		С	Z	А
	Input x 3/2 [mA]		С	Z	В
	Lines 9, A and B: DC [mA] 00.08 to 0100 mA or span 0.08 to 100 mA between – 50 and 100 mA, ratio full-scale/span ≤ 20				

9

escription	*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
NEAX VC 603 Order code VC 603 - xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx			603 –
eatures, Selection			
Measured variable / Measuring input M (continuation)			
Resistance thermometer, linearised			
Two-wire connection, R_L $\left[\Omega\right]$	Е	Z	С
Three-wire connection, $R_L \le 30 \Omega$ /wire	E	Z	D
Four-wire connection, $R_L \le 30 \Omega$ /wire	Е	Z	Е
Resistance thermometer, non-linearised			
Two-wire connection, R_L $\left[\Omega\right]$	E	Z	F
Three-wire connection, $R_L \le 30 \Omega$ /wire	Е	Z	G
Four-wire connection, $R_L \le 30 \Omega$ /wire	Е	Z	Н
Temperature difference [deg]	Е	Z	J
2 identical resistance thermometers in three-wire connection Temperature difference; specify measuring range [deg], also for feature 6: t_{\min} ; t_{\max} ; $t_{\text{reference}}$			
Lines C and F: Specify total lead resistance $R_{L}[\Omega]$, any value between 0 and 60 Ω . This may be omitted, because two leads can be compensated automatically on site.			
Thermo-couple linearised			
Internal cold junction compensation (not for type B)	DT	GZ	K
External cold junction compensation tK [°C] (specify 0°C for type B)*	D	Z	L
Thermo-couple not linearised			
Internal cold junction compensation (not for type B)	DT	GZ	М
External cold junction compensation (specify 0°C for type B)*	D	Z	N
Average temperature [n] tK [°C] State number of sensors [n]	D	Z	Р
Temperature difference (2 identical thermo-couples) [deg]	D	Z	Q
Temperature difference; specify measuring range [deg], also for feature 6: t_{min} ; t_{max} ; $t_{reference}$			
Lines L, N and P: Specify external cold junction temperature $t_{_{\rm K}}$ [°C], any value between 0 and 70 °C			

^{*} Because of its characteristic, thermocouple type B does not require compensating leads nor cold junction compensation.

De	scription		*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
SIN	IEAX VC 603	Order code VC 603 - xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx x	xx		603 –
Fe	atures, Selection				
5.	Measured variable / Meas	suring input M (continuation)			
	Resistance sensor / Pote	entiometer			
	WF, R _L ≤ 30 Ω/wire	Measuring range $[\Omega]$	F	Z	R
	WF DIN, $R_L \le 30 \Omega$ /wire	Measuring range $[\Omega]$	F	Z	S
	Potentiometer two-wire connection	Measuring range $[\Omega]$ and $R_{_L}[\Omega]$	F	Z	Т
		$_{\rm e}$ R $_{\rm L}$ [Ω], any value between 0 and 60 Ω . This may ads can be compensated automatically on site.	,		
	Potentiometer, three-wire of $R_L \le 30 \Omega$ /wire	onnection Measuring range $[\Omega]$	F	Z	U
	Potentiometer, four-wire cor $R_L \le 30 \Omega$ /wire	nnection Measuring range $[\Omega]$	F	Z	V
	mple: 200600200; 0 value ME: 8 Ω for ME \leq 740	value + span + lead resistance) 5000 Ω .			
	Special characteristic				
	For special characteristic	[V] [mA] [Ω]		Z	Z
	Fill in Table W 2357 e for sp	ecial characteristic for V, mA or Ω.			
6.	Sensor type / Temperatur	re range			
	No temperature measureme	ent			0
	Pt 100	[°C]		CDFZ	1
	Ni 100	[°C]		CDFZ	2
	Other Pt $[\Omega]$	[°C]		CDFZ	3
	Other Ni [Ω]	[°C]		CDFZ	4
	Pt 20 / 20 °C	[°C]		CDFZ	5
	Cu 10 / 25 °C	[°C]		CDFZ	6
	rating limite for each type of	ring range in [°C] or °F, refer to Table 8 for the open sensors. The measurement: specify measuring range and refe-			
	rence temperature for 2nd s Lines 3 and 4: Specify resist	sensor $(t_{min}; t_{max}; t_{reference})$ e.g. 100; 250; 150. tance in Ω at 0°C, permissible values are 100 and by a whole number, e.g. 1000:4 = 250, 100:2 = 5	t b		

11

Des	cription			*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
	EAX VC		- xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxx	(603 –
	tures, S					
		type / Temperature range (continuation)				
	Type B	Pt30Rh-Pt6Rh	[°C]		CEFTZ	В
	Туре Е	NiCr-CuNi	[°C]		CEFZ	Е
	Туре Ј	Fe-CuNi	[°C]		CEFZ	J
	Туре К	NiCr-Ni	[°C]		CEFZ	K
	Type L	Fe-CuNi	[°C]		CEFZ	L
	Type N	NiCrSi-NiSi	[°C]		CEFZ	N
	Type R	Pt13Rh-Pt	[°C]		CEFZ	R
	Type S	Pt10Rh-Pt	[°C]		CEFZ	S
	Туре Т	Cu-CuNi	[°C]		CEFZ	Т
	Type U	Cu-CuNi	[°C]		CEFZ	U
	Type W5	-W26Re	[°C]		CEFZ	W
	ting limits For temp	to W; Specify measuring range [°C] or °F, rest for each type of sensor Derature difference measurement: specify numberature for 2nd sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{max} ; t _{referenz}) expected to the sensor (t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{min} ; t _{max} ; t _{min} ;	neasuring range and refe-			
7.	Output	signal / Measuring output A1*				
	0 20 r	mA, $R_{ext} \le 750 \Omega$				0
	4 20 r	mA, $R_{ext} \le 750 \Omega$			Z	1
	Non-star	ndard (– 22 to + 22, span 5 to 40 mA)	[mA]		Z	2
	0 5	$V, R_{\rm ext} \ge 250 \ \Omega$			Z	3
	1 5	$V, R_{\rm ext} \ge 250 \ \Omega$			Z	4
	0 10 \	$V, R_{\text{ext}} \ge 500 \Omega$			Z	5
	2 10 \	$V, R_{\text{ext}} \ge 500 \Omega$			Z	6
	Non-star	ndard (– 12 to + 15, span 4 to 27 V)	[V]		Z	7
8.	Output	characteristic				
	Directly p	proportional, initial start-up value 0%				0
	Inversely	proportional, initial start-up value 100%			Z	1
	Directly p	proportional, initial start-up value	[%]		Z	2
		proportional, initial start-up value	[%]		Z	3

^{* 2}nd output signal A2 for field indicator only.

Description	*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
SINEAX VC 603 Order code VC 603 - xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx			603 –
Features, Selection			
9. Output time response			
Rated setting time approx. 1 s			0
Others (any whole number from 2 to 30 s) [s]		Z	1
10. Open-circuit sensor signalling Without / open-circuit sensor signal / relay / output signal A [%] corresponding to input variable [%]			
No sensor signal for current or voltage measurement		DEF	0
With sensor signal / relay disabled / output signal A %		CZ	1
With sensor signal / relay energized / output signal A %	K	CZ	2
With sensor signal / relay de-energized / output signal A %	K	CZ	3
With sensor signal / relay energized / hold A at last value	K	CZ	4
With sensor signal / relay de-energized / hold A at last value	K	CZ	5
Lines 1, 2 and 3: Specify value of output signal span in %, any value from – 10% to 110%, e.g. with output 420 mA corresponding 2.4 mA – 10% and 21.6 mA 110% Lines 2 to 5: Cannot be combined with active trip point GW3, feature 18, lines 1 to 3 and feature 19, lines 1 and 2			
11. Mains ripple suppression			
Frequency 50 Hz			0
Frequency 60 Hz		Z	1
12. Local setting of trip point GW1 (for output contact K1)			
Alarm function inactive		N	0
Trip point adjustable, potentiometer	OP	Z	1
Trip point variable, potentiometer 1 0 100%	OP	Z	2
Potentiometer 1 ineffective	0	Z	3
13. Type and value of trip point GW1 and reset ratio, energizing delay and de-energizing delay of relay 1 (for K1)			
Alarm function inactive		0	0
Low alarm [%; %; s; s]		NZ	1
High alarm [%; %; s; s]		NZ	2
Rate-of-change alarm δx / δt [%/s; %; s; s]		NPZ	3
Lines 1 and 2: Trip point – 10 to 110%; reset ratio 0.5 to 100% Line 3: Tri point ± 1 to ± 50%/s; reset ratio 1 to 100%/s Lines 1 to 3: Energizing / de-energizing delay 1 to 60 s			
14. Sense of action of relay 1 (for GW1 resp. K1)			
Alarm function inactive		0	0
Relay energized in alarm condition / LED lit in alarm condition		NZ	1
Relay energized in alarm condition / LED lit in safe condition		NZ	2
Relay energized in safe condition / LED lit in alarm condition		NZ	3
Relay energized in safe condition / LED lit in safe condition		NZ	4

Description	*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
SINEAX VC 603 Order code VC 603 - xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx			603 –
Features, Selection			
15. Local setting of trip point GW2 (for output contact K2)			
Alarm function inactive	Q		0
Trip point adjustable, potentiometer	RS	Z	1
Trip point variable, potentiometer \$\ \preceq 2 \\ 0 \\ \dots 100\%	RS	Z	2
Potentiometer 2 ineffective	R	Z	3
16. Type and value of trip point GW2 and reset ratio, energizing delay and de-energizing delay of relay 2 (for K2)			
Alarm function inactive		R	0
Low alarm [%; %; s; s]		QZ	1
High alarm [%; %; s; s]		QZ	2
Rate-of-change alarm $\delta x / \delta t$ [%/s; %; s; s]		QPZ	3
17. Sense of action of relay 2 (for GW2 resp. K2)			
Alarm function inactive		R	0
Relay energized in alarm condition / LED lit in alarm condition		QZ	1
Relay energized in alarm condition / LED lit in safe condition		QZ	2
Relay energized in safe condition / LED lit in alarm condition		QZ	3
Relay energized in safe condition / LED lit in safe condition		QZ	4
18. Type and value of trip point GW3 and reset ratio, energizing delay and de-energizing delay of relay 3 (for K3)			
Alarm function inactive	L		0
Low alarm [%; %; s; s]	М	KZ	1
High alarm [%; %; s; s]	M	KZ	2
Rate-of-change alarm $\delta x / \delta t$ [%/s; %; s; s]	М	KZ	3
19. Sense of action of relay 3 (for GW3 resp. K3)			
Alarm function inactive		M	0
Relay energized in alarm condition		KLZ	1
Relay energized in safe condition		KLZ	2

^{*} Lines with letter(s) under "no-go" cannot be combined with preceding lines having the same letter under "Blocking code".

Table 7: Data on explosion protection $\langle \xi x \rangle$ II (1) G

Order code	Type of protection "Intrinsic safety" Marking Instrument Measuring input		Type examination certificate	Mounting location of the instrument	
603 – 13 / 14	[EEx ia] IIC	EEx ia IIC	PTB 97 ATEX 2074 X	Outside the hazardous area	

Important condition: The SINEAX VC 603 may only be programmed using a PRKAB 600 with the component certificate PTB 97 ATEX 2082U!

Table 8: Temperature measuring ranges

Measuring range	Resistance thermometer		Thermo-couple									
[°C]	Pt100	Ni100	В	E	J	K	L	N	R	s	Т	U
0 20												
0 25	Х	Х										
0 40	X	Х		Х	Х		Х					
0 50	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х				Х	Х
0 60	X	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х				Х	Х
0 80	Х	Х		X	Х	Х	Х				Х	Х
0 100	X	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х
0 120	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х
0 150	Х	Х		X	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	X
0 200	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			X	Х
0 250	X	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х
0 300	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
0 400	X			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
0 500	X			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х		Х
0 600	X			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
0 800			Х									
0 900			Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х		
0 1000			Х	X	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х		
0 1200			Х		Х	X		Х	Х	Х		
0 1500			Х						Х	Х		
0 1600			Х						Х	Х		
50 150	Х	Х		X	X	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х
100 300	Х			X	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х
300 600	Х			X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
600 900			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
600 1000			X	Х	Х	X		Х	Х	Х		
900 1200			X		X	X		X	X	Х		
600 1600			X						X	Х		
600 1800			X									
- 20 20	X	X		X	X		X					
- 10 40	X	X		Х	Х	Х	Х					X
- 30 60	X	X		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	X
Measuring range limits [°C]	- 200 to 850	- 60 to 250	0 to 1820	- 270 to 1000	- 210 to 1200	- 270 to 1372	- 200 to 900	- 270 to 1300	- 50 to 1769	- 50 to 1769	- 270 to 400	- 200 to 600
	ΔR min 8Ω ≤ 7 ⁴ ΔR min 40 Ω	at full-scale 10 Ω 2 at full-scale 10 Ω	ΔU min 2 mV									

Electrical connections

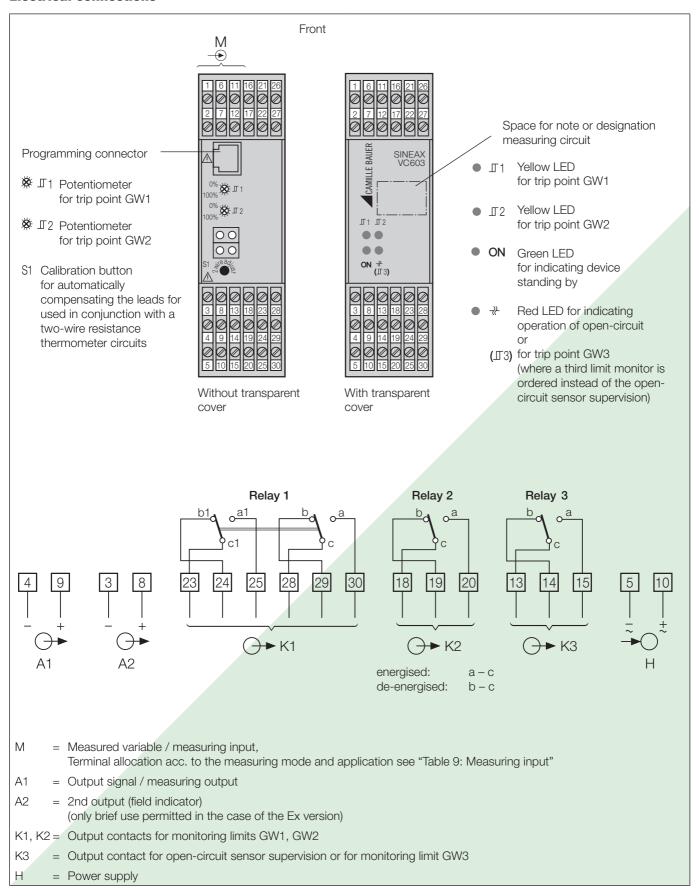


Table 9: Measuring input

	Measuring range			Wiring diagram
Measurement	limits	Measuring span	No.	Terminal arrangement
DC voltage (direct input)	- 3000300 mV	2300 mV	1	1 6 11 2 7 12 +
DC voltage (input via potential divider)	- 400 V	0.340 V	2	1 6 11
DC current	– 120 12 mA/ – 500100 mA	0.08 12 mA/ 0.75100 mA	3	1 6 11
Resistance thermometer RT or resistance measurement R, two-wire connection	0 740 Ω/ 05000 Ω	8 740 Ω/ 405000 Ω	4	1 6 11 RW 1 0 R 2 7 12 RW2
Resistance thermometer RT or resistance measurement R, three-wire connection	0 740 Ω/ 05000 Ω	8 740 Ω/ 405000 Ω	5	1 6 11 RT # 3 R
Resistance thermometer RT or resistance measurement R, four-wire connection	0 740 Ω/ 05000 Ω	8 740 Ω/ 405000 Ω	6	1 6 11 RT H 0 R
2 identical three-wire resistance transmitters RT for deriving the difference	RT1 – RT2 0 740 Ω/ 05000 Ω	8 740 Ω/ 405000 Ω	7	1 6 11 (ref) (ref) R2 R2 R1111 (ref) R2
Thermo-couple TC Cold junction compensation internal	- 3000300 mV	2300 mV	8	1 6 11
Thermo-couple TC Cold junction compensation external	- 3000300 mV	2300 mV	9	1 6 11 External compensating resistor
Thermo-couple TC in a summation circuit for deriving the mean temperature	– 3000300 mV	2300 mV	10	1 6 11 External compensating resistor
Thermo-couple TC in a differential circuit for deriving the mean temperature	TC1 - TC2 - 3000300 mV	2300 mV	11	1 6 11 TC1 TC2 (Ref.)
Resistance sensor WF	0 740 Ω/ 05000 Ω	8 740 Ω/ 405000 Ω	12	1 6 11 00% 0%
Resistance sensor WF DIN	0 740 Ω/ 05000 Ω	8 740 Ω/ 405000 Ω	13	1 6 11 0% 0%

Table 10: Accessories and spare parts

Description	Order No.
Programming cable PRKAB 600 for SINEAX/EURAX VC 603/V 604, SIRAX V 644 and SINEAX TV 809	147 787
Ancillary cable for SINEAX/EURAX VC 603/V 604 and SIRAX V 644	988 058
Configuration Software VC 600 for SINEAX/EURAX VC 603/V 604 and SIRAX V 644 Windows 3.1x, 95, 98, NT and 2000 incl. V 600 (Version 1.6, DOS) on CD in German, English, French and Dutch (Download free of charge under http://www.camillebauer.com) In addition, the CD contains all configuration programmes presently available for Camille Bauer products.	146 557
Pull-out handle (for removing device from its housing)	988 149
Front label (behind transparent cover)	973 489
Inscription label (green, for recording programmed settings)	120 626
Operating Instructions VC 603-1 Bdfe	988 074

Standard accessories

- 1 Operating Instructions in three languages: German, French, English
- 2 Pull-out handle (for removing device from its housing)
- 2 Front labels (behind transparent cover)
- 2 Inscription labels (green, for recording programmed settings)
- 1 Type examination certificate (only for "intrinsically safe" explosion-proof devices)

Dimensional drawings

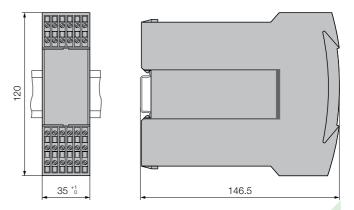


Fig. 5. SINEAX VC 603 in housing $\bf S35$ clipped onto a top-hat rail (35 x 15 mm or 35 x 7.5 mm, acc. to EN 50 022).

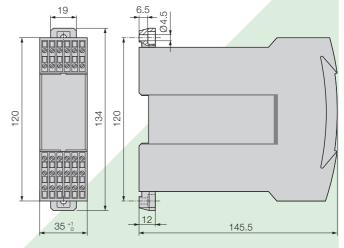


Fig. 6. SINEAX VC 603 in housing **S35**, with the screw hole brackets pulled out for wall mounting.



Camille Bauer Ltd Aargauerstrasse 7 CH-5610 Wohlen / Switzerland

Phone: +41 56 618 21 11
Fax: +41 56 618 35 35
e-mail: info@camillebauer.com